Resolution presented by delegation of New Zealand

THEME Agenda 2030: for sustainable development.

CONCERNS Waste management in coastal and maritime areas

The General Assembly,

Noting the general increase of plastic and other artificial materials'

present in mass quantity in the Indian, Atlantic, Austral, Arctic and

Pacific oceans.

Judging that this continuous increase is the source of ecological and

climaterelated issues, global health issues, economic and political problems internationally.

Estimating the total plastic waste in the oceans weighs as much as

268 000 tons to this day.

Deploring the prioritisation of immediate economic growth and

security over the long-term benefits of sustainable

development.

Fearing the fatal consequences of this international conundrum

on the ecosystems, the atmosphere, the economy, global

healthcare and the preservation of coastal states.

Outraged by the lack of action taken to control waste dumping

particularly in coastline areas.

Requires - An international law concerning coastal countries

aiming to forbid the installation of international commercial chains within more than 200 meters of the

shore.

- A defined limit of 200 rooms in a hotel at less than 500

meters from the shore.

- An international sustainability tax, for non-coastal states, that would directly corelate to the amount of pollution generated by their

population. Further, this generated tax revenue would be provided to the coastal

countries to assist them with the previously defined measures.

- That the coastal states reimagine their tourism model and develop into a more

sustainable ecofriendly tourism economy.

The English text is binding.