

RESOLUTION III – PEOPLE’S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

THEME : POLITICAL AND SOCIAL RIGHTS

CONCERN : THE STRENGTHENING OF THE EDUCATION OF THE WORLD'S YOUTH THROUGH SINICIZATION

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

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| Outraged | by the lack of quality of education in some countries, especially those that do not appear in the PISA rankings, while China comes first in all areas, |
| Noting | with concern the global lack of access to education in developing countries such as Nigeria, Liberia, Eritrea and South Sudan, where nearly two thirds of primary school-age children are out of school, and recalling that, according to UNESCO, 258 million children worldwide are out of school, |
| Wishing | to improve and facilitate communication between the various countries involved in the New Silk Roads, the Belt and Road Initiative (B.R.I.) and the countries that make up the BRICS and MENA by ensuring understanding through this educational project |
| Reaffirming | its support for the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, which aims to "ensure equitable access to quality education for all and promote opportunities for lifelong learning", and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, which recognizes the right to education as a fundamental right of every individual, |
| Decides | to establish bilingual schools in areas of the South where access to education is limited and to apply the Chinese education system there, serving students aged 6 to 15, in order to ensure quality education; |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- that the education system will be under the aegis of the Chinese Ministry of Education, with Chinese and mathematics as the main subjects, and that all schools will have to incorporate the values of the Chinese system;- that 30% of the debts of countries previously indebted to China will be cancelled if they agree to benefit from these bilingual schools. |

The french text is binding.